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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/748,490	12/26/2000)	Wataru Hisada	52433/622	2859		
26646 7:	590 11/0	04/2002					
KENYON & KENYON				EXAMINER			
ONE BROADWAY NEW YORK, NY 10004				TALBOT,	BRIAN K		
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
				1762	6		
				DATE MAILED: 11/04/2002			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

						49-6			
			Application No.		Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary			09/748,490	_	HISADA ET AL.				
			Examiner		Art Unit				
	MAILING DATE (AL)		Brian K Talbot		1762				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondenc address Period for Reply								
THE MAILI - Extensions o after SIX (6) - If the period f - If NO period - Failure to rep - Any reply rec	ENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO NG DATE OF THIS COMMUNIO f time may be available under the provisions of MONTHS from the mailing date of this commu- for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) for reply is specified above, the maximum stati ply within the set or extended period for reply we eived by the Office later than three months aft t term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. f 37 CFR 1.13 nication. days, a reply utory period w rill, by statute,	36(a). In no event, however within the statutory mining ill apply and will expire S cause the application to	rer, may a reply be time num of thirty (30) days IX (6) MONTHS from t become ABANDONED	ely filed will be considered timel he mailing date of this co				
1)⊠ Res	ponsive to communication(s) file	d on <u>03 N</u>	<u>/lay 2001</u> .						
2a)☐ This	action is FINAL. 2	b)⊠ Thi	is action is non-fin	al.					
	ce this application is in condition ed in accordance with the practi					e merits is			
Disposition of			,						
4)⊠ Clain	n(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the a	pplication.							
4a) O	f the above claim(s) is/are	e withdraw	vn from considera	tion.					
5)☐ Clain	n(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Clain	n(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.								
7) Clain	n(s) is/are objected to.								
8)☐ Clain	n(s) are subject to restrict	ion and/or	r election requiren	nent.					
Application Pa	apers								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.									
•	rawing(s) filed on is/are:		•	-					
	licant may not request that any obje			<i>⊙</i> *	, ,				
	roposed drawing correction filed			• •	ved by the Examin	er.			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.									
	ath or declaration is objected to	oy tne Exa	aminer.						
	35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).									
_	b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			_					
1.🖂	Certified copies of the priority d								
2.	Certified copies of the priority d								
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).									
_a) 🔲 T	he translation of the foreign lang	juage prov	visional applicatio	n has been rece	eived.				
Attachment(s)	wledgment is made of a claim fo	i uomesti	c priority under 35	0.3.0. 88 120	anu/01 121.				
1) Notice of Re	ferences Cited (PTO-892) aftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT	O-948)			(PTO-413) Paper No atent Application (PT				
3) Information	Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Pap	oer No(s) <u>4</u> .		Other: .					

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1. The preamendment filed 12/26/00, has been considered and entered. Claims 1-11 remain in the application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

The term "hard" in claim 8 is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite. The term "hard" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention.

The terms "high" and "low" in claims 1-8 are relative terms which render the claims indefinite. The terms "high" and "low" are not defined by the claims, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 1,2 and 7-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's admitted state of the art (specification, pgs. 1-2) in combination with Omori et al. (6,015,586).

Applicant's admitted state of the art (specification, pgs. 1-2) teaches coating carbon, stainless steel and aluminum separators for fuel cells with a precious metal.

Applicant's admitted state of the art (specification, pgs. 1-2) fails to teach coating the precious metal by "impinging a core particle having a coating of a precious metal" to the separator which upon impacting would result in transfer of the precious metal".

Omori et al. (6,015,586) teaches cold dry plating process for forming a zinc coating on a substrate by impinging iron particles having encapsulated thereon a zinc alloy coating. The particle size is 40-2000 microns. The Vickers hardness is about 780 HV. The speed of the particles is 30-100 m/s.

With regards to the "variable" of the process, speed of particles, size of particles, specific gravity of particles, etc., it is the Examiner's position that these are all "result effective variable" which are "optimized" by a skilled practitioner in the art depending upon the desired end product. It has been well settled that the "optimization" of well know "result effective variables" is deemed as an obvious modification of the art absent a showing of unexpected results.

Claims 3,5 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's admitted state of the art (specification, pgs. 1-2) in combination with Omori et al. (6,015,586) further combination with EP-911425 A1.

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Features described above are incorporated here.

Applicant's admitted state of the art (specification, pgs. 1-2) in combination with Omori et al. (6,015,586) fails to teach the various claims "projection techniques", i.e. air, water and inert gas.

EP-911425 A1 teaches a coating technique whereby particles are impinged to a substrate by cold gas spraying with a variety of mediums including, air, inert gases and water vapor.

Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to have modified Applicant's admitted state of the art (specification, pgs. 1-2) in combination with Omori et al. (6,015,586) by substituting any one of the "carriers" detailed by EP-911425 A1 with the expectation of achieving similar results.

Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's admitted state of the art (specification, pgs. 1-2) in combination with Omori et al. (6,015,586) further combination with EP-911425 A1.

Features described above are incorporated here.

Applicant's admitted state of the art (specification, pgs. 1-2) in combination with Omori et al. (6,015,586) fails to teach the "projection technique of an impeller".

Singer et al. (5,516,586) or Babecki et al.(3,754,976) both teach utilizing a "wheel" to propel the particles against a substrate to impart a coating thereon.

Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to have modified Applicant's admitted state of the art (specification, pgs. 1-2) in combination with

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Omori et al. (6,015,586) by substituting an impeller as evidenced by either Singer et al. (5,516,586) or Babecki et al. (3,754,976) with the expectation of achieving similar results.

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian K Talbot whose telephone number is (703) 305-3775. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 6AM-3PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Shrive P Beck can be reached on (703) 308-2333. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3775.

Brian K Talbot Primary Examiner Art Unit 1762

B-KTalloo

BKT October 31, 2002